An International Peer Reviewed & Referred

# SCHOLARLY RESEARCH JOURNAL FOR INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES



## A STUDY OF CLOUD BASED TECHNOLOGY

## Mrs. Sudeepta Banerjee

Asst. Professor, Course – In-Charge (MCA Com), MITSOM College, pune.

Abstract

Cloud computing provides a shared platform of resources required for computing, that can be made available and release on the user's demand to serve a wide and constantly expanding range of information processing needs by considering the necessity and elasticity of demand. Due to the huge benefits of this technology, is growing rapidly and being accepted in various applications such as business, education, government etc. In this paper, we study how cloud computing can benefit professional education in India. We also discuss the cloud computing educational environment and explore how universities and institutions may take advantage of clouds not only in terms of cost but also in terms of efficiency, reliability, portability, flexibility, and security.

**Keywords:** Cloud Computing, Web-based Learning, Education System, Professional Education System



<u>Scholarly Research Journal's</u> is licensed Based on a work at <u>www.srjis.com</u>

## I. Introduction:

Education is the most important pillar for the developing countries, through which growth of the society can be achieved. Population of India is very large, therefore to providing education to every individual is very difficult in reality. Therefore there is need a paradigm though which we can achieve it. The best paradigm in education is e-learning. It is commonly referred to the intentional use of networked information and communications technology (ICT) in teaching and learning. We can also describe it as a new way of learning through the terms such as online learning, virtual learning, distributed learning, network and web-based learning etc. Last few years we are observing the growing demand in elearning based application many directions. E-learning based education can be useful for both distance education programs and residential campus based education programs. In case of distance education programs, e-learning act as a logical extension of their distance education related activities. And in case of residential campusbased educational organizations, e-learning as a way of improving access to their various programs and also as a path of grabbing the position into growing niche markets.

# **II. Problems in E-Learning:**

The e-learning based education has tremendous opportunity in country like India. Through such educational mode we can provide the similar type of education to all the people of the country. The growth of e-learning applications, are directly connected to the increase in the access of ICT and cost reduction in the education. One of the reasons in the growing interest in elearning is use of multimedia resources for teaching and learning process in ICT. Now a day's most of the teacher is making use of ICT in their teaching sessions. Most of the educational organization provides their programs through this mode, so that they can reach to the maximum students. ICT has provided an opportunity to learn from anywhere and at any time to all the aspirants. In spite of the popularity of e-learning, it has various constraints and limitations. The main obstacle in the growth of e-learning is the access problem due to the poor Infrastructure, without it there can be no elearning. Other limitations are nothing but the cost related to e-learning application which includes software and hardware cost are falling, deployment cost, support and maintenance cost and cost of trained staff.

# **III. Cloud Computing:**

Cloud computing is a fast growing area which attracts many users from various disciplines. Cloud computing has brought the new paradigm shift in the field of education. Cloud computing delivers services separately based on demand of user and provide adequate network access, data resource environment and efficient flexibility. This technology is used for more efficient and cost-effective computing by centralizing storage, memory, computing capacity of PC's and servers. The benefits of cloud computing can support education institutions to resolve some of the common challenges such as cost reduction, quick and effective communication, security, privacy, flexibility and accessibility. The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) defined five essential characteristics for cloud

effective communication, security, privacy,	flexibility	and	access	ibility	. The	Nationa
nstitute of Standards and Technology (NIST)	defined fiv	e ess	ential c	haracte	ristics	for cloud
computing which						
nclude:						
On-demand Self Service						
☐ Broad Network Access						
☐ Resource Pooling						
☐ Rapid Elasticity						
☐ Measured Services						

SRJIS/BIMONTHLY/ MRS. SUDEEPTA BANERJEE (4783-4787)

Cloud Computing based applications provides various services in the field of banking,

healthcare and government. Cloud computing services can be provided in through the

following service models:

IaaS (Infrastructure as a Service):

Abstraction and virtualization might be provided to utilize the services of an Internet with

high scalability, higher throughput, quality of service and high computing power, this is

known as Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS).

SaaS (Software as a Service): Cloud computing providers deliver common online services

which are accessed on the Internet through a web browser. These services have long been

referred to as Software as a Service (SaaS).

PaaS (Platform as a Service): Cloud allows consumers to not only deploy but also design,

model, develop and test applications directly on the Cloud. It supports work in groups on

collaborative projects where project team members are geographically distributed, this is

known as Platform as a Service (PaaS). The cloud can be used by public individuals (public

cloud), a single organization (private cloud) or more than one organization that share the

same interests and policies (community cloud). It can also be a mixture of public and private

clouds (hybrid cloud)

IV. Cloud Based Framework for Education:

The cloud based framework will be the better solution to overcome all the problems which

are associated with the e-learning. As per my study I have proposed a architecture model,

which can be implemented at University level. It will be beneficial to all Colleges, institutes

those are affiliated with the university. This architecture is based on the four Layers (ISAU

for Education)

**I**: Implementation Layer

**S**: Service Layer

A: Access Layer

U: User Layer

Figure – Layers of EDU-CLOUD

A. IMPLEMENTATION LAYER:

In this layer implementation of cloud can be done as per the need of the system. It can be

public cloud, private cloud, community cloud or hybrid cloud.

**B. SERVICE LAYER:** 

In this layer service will provided as per the need of the system users. It can be Software-as-

a-Service (SaaS), Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) or Infrastructure-as-a- Service (IaaS).

# SRJIS/BIMONTHLY/ MRS. SUDEEPTA BANERJEE (4783-4787)

#### C. ACCESS LAYER:

In this layer service can be accessed through the devices. These devices can be Desktops, Smart Phones or Laptops.

## **D. USER LAYER:**

This is last but important layer this specifies the user of the cloud. These users can be Students, Teachers, Research Scholars, Management, Principals, Parents, Government or Control bodies.

# V. Benefits of Cloud Based

#### FRAMEWORK:

The following are some of the benefits of successful implementation of EDU-CLOUD
model.
$\hfill\square$ It can help universities keep pace with ever growing resource requirements and energy
costs.
☐ It creates huge opportunities for faster research.
$\hfill\Box$ Faculty can be benefited through efficient access and flexibility when integrating
technology into their classes.
☐ Technology enhancement can be done at single end only.
$\hfill\square$ Researchers want instant access to high performance computing services, without the
responsibility of managing a large server and storage farm.
☐ Similar kind of education will be available for all students.
$\hfill\Box$ It can provide important gains in offering direct access to a wide range of different
academic resources, research applications and educational tools.
$\square$ Various user of the system can connect to the campus through their devices.
☐ Parent can easily check the progress of their wards through this system.
$\hfill\Box$ It also promises to provide a variety of services that will be very useful to faculty, staff and
students.
$\hfill \square$ In addition to this the universities can also open their technology infrastructures to private,
public sectors for research advancements.

## **VI. Conclusion:**

Cloud based technology, is growing rapidly and being accepted in various applications such as business, education, government etc. Through this paper we have highlighted the cloud computing educational environment through the EDU-CLOUD Framework and explore how universities and institutions may take advantage of clouds not only in terms of cost but also in terms of efficiency, reliability, portability, flexibility, and security. In conclusion educational

# SRJIS/BIMONTHLY/ MRS. SUDEEPTA BANERJEE (4783-4787)

cloud computing environment offers a wide range of services in application, platform, and infrastructure levels to students, faculty, researchers, and academic staff.

#### VII. References

- Justin, C., Ivan, B., Arvind, K. and Tom, A. —Seattle: A Platform for Educational Cloud Computing SIGCSE09, March 37, 2009, Chattanooga, Tennessee, USA. 2009.
- Shanthi Bala, P.—Intensification of educational cloud computing and crisis of MAEER'S MIT-SOM College, Pune MIT-SOM College Journal on "Innovation in IT" 9 data security in public clouds, International Journal on Computer Science and Engineering (IJCSE), Vol. 02, No. 03, 2010, 741-745. Advanced Computing: An International Journal (ACIJ), Vol.3, No.1, January 2012
- M. Armbrust, A. Fox, R. Griffith, A. Joseph, R. Katz, A. Konwinski, G. Lee, D. Patterson, A.Rabkin, I. Stoica, and M. Zaharia, —Above the Clouds: A Berkeley View of Cloud Computing, UC Berkeley Reliable Adaptive Distributed Systems Laboratory, 2009.
- Al Noor, S., Mustafa, G., Chowdhury, S., Hossain, Z. and Jaigirdar, F.—A Proposed Architecture of Cloud Computing for Education System in Bangladesh and the Impact on Current Education System International Journal of Computer Science and Network Security (IJCSNS), Vol.10 No.10. 2010.
- Thomas, P.—Cloud Computing: A potential paradigm for practising the scholarship of teaching and learning, Electronic Library, The, Vol. 29 Iss: 2, pp.214 224, 2011.
- Sultan, N. —Cloud computing for education: A new dawn? II, International Journal of Information Management 30 (2010) 109116.
- HP cloud system. A single platform for private, public, and hybrid clouds. Simply the most complete cloud system for enterprises and service providers. Hewlett- Packard Development Company 2011. http://www.hp.com/hpinfo/newsroom/press\_
- kits/2011/EBcloudcomputing2011/fs\_Cloud\_CloudSystem.pdf.
- Ellen Wagner, —Delivering on the promise of e-learning||, white paper, http://www.adobe.com/education/pdf/elearni ng/Promise\_of\_eLearning\_wp\_final.pdf
- Luciana Carabaneanu, Romica Trandafir, and Ion Mierlus-Mazilu, "Trends in e-learning", http://www.codewitz.net/papers/MMT\_106-111\_Trends\_in\_E-Learning.pdf
- Som Naidu, —E-learning a guidebook of principles, procedures and practices , CEMCA, 2006.
- What is Electronic Learning<sup>||</sup>, http://www.mup.com.au/uploads/files/pdf9 78-0-522-85130-4.pdf Michael Miller, —Cloud Computing Pros and Cons for End Users<sup>||</sup>,
- .microsoftpartnercommunity.co.uk,2009.